Dear Doctor

Are you a pain managem	nent physician?		☐ Yes	\square No				
Do you prescribe opioids	?		☐ Yes	\square No				
If yes: What pain medications do you prescribe? (list all medications)								
What purpose, <i>i.e</i>	. diagnosis?							
Do you manage long teri	m pain medicatio	ons?	☐ Yes	\square No				
Approximately how many	γ patients do you	treat for pa	in with opioid treatr	ment annually?				
Do you prescribe methad	done?		☐ Yes	□ No				
When CONSIDERIN	<u>G long-term</u>	opioid th	erapy, do you?					
Set realistic goals for pai	n and function b	ased on dia	gnosis (eg. walk ar	ound the block).				
□ Always	□ Never	□S	ometimes					
Check that non-opioid therapies tried and optimized.								
□ Always	□ Never	□ S	ometimes					
Discuss benefits and risks (eg. addiction, overdose) with patient.								
□ Always	□ Never	□ S	ometimes					
Evaluate risk of harm or	misuse.							
□ Always	□ Never	□ S	ometimes					
Discuss risk factors with	patient.							
□ Always	□ Never	□ S	ometimes					
Check urine drug screen								
□ Always	□ Never	□S	cometimes					

Set Criteria for stopping or continuing opioids.								
□ Always	□ Never	□ Sometimes						
Assess baseline pain and function (eg. PEG scale).								
□ Always	□ Never	□ Sometimes						
Schedule initial reassessment within 1 — 4 weeks.								
□ Always	□ Never	□ Sometimes						
Prescribe short–acting opioids using lowest dosage on product labeling; match duration to scheduled reassessment.								
□ Always	□ Never	□ Sometimes						
If RENEWAL without patient visit, do you?								
Check that return visit is	s scheduled \leq 3 m	nonths from last visit.						
□ Always	□ Never	□ Sometimes						
When REASSESSING at return visit, do you?								
Continue opioids only after confirming clinically meaningful improvements in pain and function without significant risks or harm.								
□ Always	□ Never	□ Sometimes						
Assess pain and function (eg. PEG); compare results to baseline.								
□ Always	□ Never	□ Sometimes						
Evaluate risk of harm or misuse:								
□ Always	□ Never	□ Sometimes						
Observe patient for signs of over–sedation or overdose risk.								
□ Always	□ Never	□ Sometimes						
If yes: Do you taper dose.								
□ <i>Alway</i> s	□ Never	☐ Sometimes						

Check for opioid use disorder if indicated (eg. difficulty controlling use)								
	□ Always	□ Never		Sometimes				
	If yes: Do you Refer for Treatment.							
	□ Always	□ Never		Sometimes				
Check that non-opioid therapies optimized.								
	□ Always	□ Never		Sometimes				
Determine whether to continue, adjust, taper, or stop opioids.								
	□ Always	□ Never		Sometimes				
Calculate opioid dosage morphine milligram equivalent (MME).								
	□ <i>Always</i>	□ Never		Sometimes				
If \geq 50 MME/day total (\geq 50mg hydrocodone; \geq 33mg oxycodone), Increase frequency of follow–up; consider offering nalozone.								
	□ <i>Always</i>	□ Never		Sometimes				
	Avoid \geq 90 MME/day total (\geq 90mg hydrocodone; \geq 60mg oxycodone), Or carefully justify; consider specialist referral.							
	□ Always	□ Never		Sometimes				
Schedule reassessment at regular intervals (≤ 3 months).								
	□ Always	□ Never		Sometimes				
Signa	ature:			Date:				